EXHIBIT A

	Page 1
1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
3	EASTERN DIVISION
4	* * *
5	
6	JAMES HAYDEN,
7	Plaintiff,
8	
	vs. CASE NO. 1:17-cv-002635-CAB
9	
10	
	2K GAMES, INC. and
11	TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE
	SOFTWARE, INC.,
12	
	Defendants.
13	
	* * *
14	
15	
16	Deposition of E. DEBORAH JAY, PhD,
17	a witness herein, called by the plaintiff for
18	examination pursuant to the Federal Rules of
19	Civil Procedure, taken before me, Patti
20	Stachler, RMR, CRR, a Notary Public within and
21	for the State of Ohio, at 216 Selby Lane,
22	Atherton, California, on August 24, 2021, at
23	10:30 a.m. EST.
24	* * *
25	

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1	A. I've been designated an expert
2	as a survey expert to testify about a survey I
3	believe in about 12 cases on behalf of
4	Kirkland & Ellis, but that's an estimate. I've
5	conducted hundreds of surveys for many, many
6	law firms, and so that's just the best estimate
7	I have.
8	Q. Okay. Now, do you use constant
9	sum scaling for any of those surveys?
L 0	A. No.
L1	MS. MEANS: Objection. Outside the
L 2	scope.
L 3	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
L 4	Q. Have you ever been excluded in any
L 5	of those cases?
L 6	A. I've when I've been retained as
L 7	an expert and when I've been retained as an
L 8	expert, I've never been excluded when I've
L 9	conducted a survey.
20	Q. Have you ever been excluded when
21	you haven't been retained as an expert?
22	MS. MEANS: Objection. Vague. Form.
23	Outside the scope. Overbroad.
24	A. I've never had a survey that I
25	conducted and I was retained excluded.

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1	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
2	Q. Have you ever had a survey that
3	you've helped prepare excluded in a case?
4	MS. MEANS: Asked and answered.
5	A. I don't help other people prepare
6	surveys for litigation. The only surveys that
7	I work on for litigation are surveys that I
8	conduct myself.
9	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
L 0	Q. Do you remember the first case in
L 1	which you were engaged as an expert to testify
L 2	in a case?
L 3	A. Yes.
L 4	MS. MEANS: Objection. Outside the
L 5	scope.
L 6	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
L 7	Q. When was that?
L 8	A. It was in 1991, I believe.
L 9	Q. Do you remember the name of the
2 0	case?
21	A. Yes. It was Intel versus AMD.
22	Q. And did you conduct a survey?
23	A. Not in that case.
2 4	Q. Do you remember the first case in
25	which you were retained as an expert and

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1	Q. And the first one was to determine
2	the reasons for buying an NBA 2K video game,
3	correct?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Was it your objective to determine
6	all the reasons people purchased the games?
7	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form.
8	A. Yes. Some of the questions went
9	to all the reasons why people bought the video
L 0	games. Other questions went to specific
L1	reasons why people bought the video games. But
L 2	the first two questions clearly related to all
L 3	the reasons.
L 4	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
L 5	Q. Are you confident that the
L 6	respondents who answered the first two
L 7	questions listed all the reasons they purchased
L 8	the NBA 2K video games?
L 9	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form. Vague
2 0	and ambiguous. Foundation.
21	A. Well, I asked follow-up questions,
22	so I'm confident that I got the reasons why
23	people purchased the video games.
24	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
25	Q. Well, let's just talk about the

Page 112 first two questions. Are you confident that 1 2 the respondents who answered those questions listed all of the reasons they purchased the 3 NBA 2K video games? 4 5 MS. MEANS: Objection. Form. Vague and ambiguous. Foundation. 6 7 I believe that people described Α. the reasons. Sometimes those reasons were 8 9 general. And the -- but I believe they 10 described the reasons why they purchased it. 11 believe the subsequent questions clarified the 12 responses to the extent that the initial 13 responses were general, but, also, I believe 14 the subsequent questions likely collected information not just about the reasons why 15 16 people purchased it, but because they were closed-ended, and closed-ended questions tend 17 to be more suggestive. I believe they 18 19 collected information about what people liked 20 about the game, not just the reasons why they 21 bought it. 2.2 So I believe the most accurate 23 information about why people buy the game was 24 captured in the first two open-ended questions, 25 and then in the follow-up questions it

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1	collected information about people, what
2	they why they buy it, but, also, really what
3	they like about the game. Because we gave very
4	specific responses.
5	So people often buy things for
6	very general reasons, but when you give them a
7	closed-ended question with a list of very
8	specific responses, they select them because
9	especially in a case like this where people buy
10	it and they continue to play the game. So they
11	think, you must want to know what I like about
12	the game, not just why I bought it.
13	So I think the first questions,
14	the open-ended, are the most reliable indicator
15	of why people bought it, and the subsequent
16	questions tell you not just why they bought it
17	but what people like about the games.
18	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
19	Q. Do you think the first questions
20	are the most reliable indicator of all the
21	reasons the respondents bought the NBA 2K
22	games?
23	MS. MEANS: Objection. Asked and
24	answered. Form. Foundation.
25	A. I think they are the best

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1	was important to depict the tattoos on LeBron
2	James, much less the portion the name Gloria
3	on his right shoulder or the stars above the
4	beast tattoo on his left shoulder. So nobody
5	mentioned the tattoos or the specific portion
6	of Mr. James' tattoos that I understand were
7	inked by Mr. Hayden.
8	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
9	Q. Can you turn to page 8 of your
10	report?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. And just to be clear before I move
13	on, when you were the survey expert on the
14	plaintiff's behalf in the case involving the
15	date-picker feature, you did include the name
16	of the date-picker functionality in your survey
17	in that case, correct?
18	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form.
19	Outside the scope. Foundation.
20	A. The purpose of that survey was
21	completely different than the purpose of this
22	survey. So it was a completely different
23	purpose. And, also, there have been some
24	cases, Laser Dynamics and some other cases,
25	that have opined about surveys that are done in

Page 126 1 patent infringement and apportionment cases. 2 So some of those opinions have also -- I forget the names of some of the cases, but -- so I've 3 also -- so the purpose of the survey is very 4 5 different, and certainly the cases in patent 6 litigation have also suggested, you know, 7 certain approaches are better than other 8 approaches. So the survey I believe in the 9 Lucent case was over a decade ago. And so I 10 11 follow Court opinions, I follow the literature, 12 but, also, I tailor the survey to the product 13 at issue. And I ask the survey the same way, if the purpose is the same, for plaintiffs and 14 defendants, but that was a different product, a 15 16 different purpose, and before there were a 17 number of Court opinions relating to 18 apportioning damages in a patent infringement 19 case. 20 So I don't think that survey has 21 any relevance, but I just point out that there 22 are very few ways to enter the date of an 23 appointment -- or there used to be item. So 24 it's not like there's dozens and dozens of

attributes and tendencies of players. It's a

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Page 127 very different product. So I don't think 1 2 there's anything analogous about that, just like -- I mean, a video game, the NBA 2K video 3 game is very, very different. 4 5 BY MR. ALEXANDER: Yeah, the purpose of that survey, 6 7 you testified earlier, was to determine if people used the date-picker function rather 8 9 than other functions for picking the date in 10 Microsoft, correct? 11 MS. MEANS: Objection. Form. 12 Mischaracterizes the testimony. 13 Α. Again, I don't remember the survey completely. It's been a long time. It's been 14 over a decade since I did it. So I'd be happy 15 16 to come back and be review the survey, but it's 17 been a long time, but I know it was a different 18 purpose. And I've often and routinely 19 conducted surveys the way I conducted the 20 survey in this case. 21 And, in fact, the most common way 22 to do surveys, not just for litigation when 23 you're trying to find out why somebody did 24 something, is to ask open-ended questions, and 25 that would be true for companies like Peterbilt

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1	right?
2	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form.
3	A. Yes.
4	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
5	Q. And 21 percent selected the
6	soundtrack?
7	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form.
8	A. Yes.
9	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
10	Q. Does the overall quality of the
11	graphics include tattoos?
12	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form.
13	A. Typically quality of graphics goes
14	to the pixelation, the precision, the you
15	know, how good the picture is. So it's really
16	the quality, the way a television, HGTV, or
17	what the resolution is. That's what typically
18	in video games how clear, precise the graphics
19	are.
20	BY MR. ALEXANDER:
21	Q. So is clear, precise images on the
22	television from the game, correct?
23	MS. MEANS: Objection. Form. Vague
24	and ambiguous.
25	A. It's the quality of the graphics